## **Opis choroby \***

Definicja

Reflex epilepsy refers to epilepsies where recurrent seizures are provoked by a clearly defined extrinsic (most commonly) or intrinsic triggering stimuli such as flashing lights (photosensitive epilepsy), startling noises (startle epilepsy), urinating (micturition induced seizures), exposure to hot-water (hot water epilepsy, see these terms), eating, reading, and thinking, while being associated with an enduring abnormal predisposition to have such seizures (thereby meeting the conceptual definition of epilepsy).

Dane

Klasyfikacja Grupa fenomenów

Kod ORPHA 310

Kod OMIM

Kod ICD10 G40.8

Kod ICD11 8A61.40

<u>\*Źródło</u>

orphanet