

Embriofetopatia antagonistów witaminy K

Kod Orpha: 1914 Kod OMIM:

Opis choroby *

Definicja

Vitamin K antagonist embryofetopathy is characterized by a group of symptoms that may be observed in a fetus or newborn when the mother has taken oral vitamin K antagonists, such as warfarin during pregnancy. Vitamin K antagonists are anticoagulant drugs that provide efficient thromboprophylaxis and that can cross the placenta. 5-12 % of infants exposed to warfarin between 6-9 weeks gestation present nasal hypoplasia and skeletal abnormalities, including short limbs and digits (brachydactyly), and stippled epiphyses. Warfarin fetopathy with central nervous system abnormalities (hydrocephalus, intellectual disability, spasticity, and hypotonia) or ocular abnormalities (microphthalmia, cataract, optic atrophy), fetal loss, and stillbirth, occurs in infants exposed at later gestations. Additional features that have been reported after in utero warfarin exposure include facial dysmorphism (cleft lip and/or palate, malformed ears), choanal atresia or stenosis, aorta coarctation, situs inversus totalis, bilobed lungs, and ventral midline dysplasia.

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Zespół wad wrodzonych

Synonimy

Vitamin K antagonist embryopathy
Zespół di Sala
Embriopatia warfarynowa
Embriofetopatia warfarynowa
Embriopatia antagonistów witaminy K
Warfarin embryofetopathy
Warfarin embryopathy
di Sala syndrome

Kod ORPHA

1914

Kod OMIM

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Kod ICD10

Q86.2

Kod ICD11

LD2F.02

[*Źródło](#)

orphanet

Rozszerzony opis choroby

Brak opisu rozszerzonego dla tej choroby. Opracowanie w toku.

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