

Embriofetopatia antagonistów witaminy K

Kod Orpha: 1914 Kod OMIM:

Opis choroby *

Definicja

Vitamin K antagonist embryofetopathy is characterized by a group of symptoms that may be observed in a fetus or newborn when the mother has taken oral vitamin K antagonists, such as warfarin during pregnancy. Vitamin K antagonists are anticoagulant drugs that provide efficient thromboprophylaxis and that can cross the placenta. 5-12 % of infants exposed to warfarin between 6-9 weeks gestation present nasal hypoplasia and skeletal abnormalities, including short limbs and digits (brachydactyly), and stippled epiphyses. Warfarin fetopathy with central nervous system abnormalities (hydrocephalus, intellectual disability, spasticity, and hypotonia) or ocular abnormalities (microphthalmia, cataract, optic atrophy), fetal loss, and stillbirth, occurs in infants exposed at later gestations. Additional features that have been reported after in utero warfarin exposure include facial dysmorphism (cleft lip and/or palate, malformed ears), choanal atresia or stenosis, aorta coarctation, situs inversus totalis, bilobed lungs, and ventral midline dysplasia.

Dane

Klasyfikacja	Synonimy
Zespół wad wrodzonych	Vitamin K antagonist embryopathy
	Zespół di Sala
	Embriopatia warfarynowa
	Embriofetopatia warfarynowa
	Embriopatia antagonistów witaminy K
	Warfarin embryofetopathy
	Warfarin embryopathy
	di Sala syndrome

Kod ORPHA	Kod OMIM	Kod ICD10
1914	-	Q86.2

Kod ICD11
LD2F.02

*[Źródło](#)

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Rozszerzony opis choroby

Brak opisu rozszerzonego dla tej choroby. Opracowanie w toku.

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