

# Skóra kręta ciemienia - rogowacenie ciemne - kraniosynostoza

**Kod Orpha: 1555 Kod OMIM: 123790**

## Opis choroby \*

### Definicja

Cutis gyrata-acanthosis nigricans-craniosynostosis syndrome, also known as Beare-Stevenson syndrome (BSS), is a severe form of syndromic craniosynostosis, characterized by a variable degree of craniosynostosis, with cloverleaf skull reported in over 50% of cases, cutis gyrata, corduroy-like linear striations in the skin, acanthosis nigricans, skin tags, and choanal stenosis or atresia). Additional features include facial features similar to Crouzon disease, ear defects (conductive hearing loss, posteriorly angulated ears, stenotic auditory canals, preauricular furrows, and narrow ear canals), hirsutism, a prominent umbilical stump, and genitorurinary anomalies (anteriorly placed anus, hypoplastic labia, hypospadias). BSS is associated with a poor outcome as patients present an elevated risk for sudden death in their first year of life. Significant developmental delay and intellectual disability are observed in most patients who survive infancy.

### Dane

#### Klasyfikacja

Zespół wad wrodzonych

#### Synonimy

Beare-Stevenson cutis gyrata syndrome  
Zespół Beare'a i Stevensona i skóra kręta

#### Kod ORPHA

1555

#### Kod OMIM

123790

#### Kod ICD10

Q87.8

#### Kod ICD11

LD27.0Y

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## **Rozszerzony opis choroby**

Brak opisu rozszerzonego dla tej choroby. Opracowanie w toku.

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