

# Nowotwór wewnątrz nabłonkowy sromu

Kod Orpha: 137583 Kod OMIM:

## Opis choroby \*

### Definicja

A rare vulvovaginal tumor characterized by intraepithelial neoplastic proliferation of the vulvar epithelium, histologically presenting proliferation of atypical basal cells with basal layer involvement, enlarged nuclei, hyperchromasia, pleomorphic cells and increased numbers of mitotic figures. Patients are frequently asymptomatic, although vulvar pruritus/pain/burning, dysuria and/or dyspareunia may be associated. Concurrent anogenital involvement is frequent. Two subtypes, usual type VIN (uVIN) and differentiated type VIN (dVIN) exist, with uVIN typically being associated with HPV infection and presenting multifocal, elevated lesions around the introitus and/or labia majora, and dVIN being related to chronic inflammation and lesions consisting of poorly demarcated pink or white plaques that are often associated with lichen sclerosus or lichen planus. Diffusely positive p16 immunohistochemistry and high Ki-67 proliferation index in uVIN further differentiates this subtype from dVIN, this latter being consistently negative for p16 while presenting p53 positivity.

### Dane

#### Klasyfikacja

Choroba

#### Synonimy

VIN

Guz śródnabłonkowy sromu

Vulvar intraepithelial tumor

Śródnabłonkowa neoplazja sromu

#### Kod ORPHA

137583

#### Kod OMIM

-

#### Kod ICD10

D07.1

#### Kod ICD11

2E67.12

---

[\\*Źródło](#)

orphanet

## Rozszerzony opis choroby

Brak opisu rozszerzonego dla tej choroby. Opracowanie w toku.

**Orphanet** - internetowa baza danych dotyczących rzadkich chorób i sierochych leków. ©INSERM 1999 - Dostępna na stronie [www.orphanet.pl](http://www.orphanet.pl)