

Opis choroby *

Definicja

Myofibrillar myopathy (MFM) describes a group of skeletal and cardiac muscle disorders, defined by the disintegration of myofibrils and aggregation of degradation products into intracellular inclusions, and is typically clinically characterized by slowly-progressive muscle weakness, which initially involves the distal muscles, but is highly variable and that can affect the proximal muscles as well as the cardiac and respiratory muscles in some patients.

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Kategoria

Synonimy

MFM

Kod ORPHA

593

Kod OMIM

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Kod ICD10

G71.8

Kod ICD11

8C76

*Źródło

orphanet