

## Opis choroby \*

### Definicja

Congenital stationary night blindness (CSNB) refers to a non-progressive group of retinal disorders characterized by night or dim light vision disturbance or delayed dark adaptation, poor visual acuity (ranging from 20/30 to 20/200), myopia (ranging from low (-0.25 diopters [D] to -4.75 D) to high (&#8805;-10.00 D)), nystagmus, strabismus, normal color vision and fundus abnormalities.

### Dane

#### Klasyfikacja

Choroba

#### Synonimy

Congenital essential nyctalopia

Wrodzona ślepotą nocną

#### Kod ORPHA

215

#### Kod OMIM

616389

#### Kod ICD10

H53.6

#### Kod ICD11

9D45

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#### \*Źródło

orphanet