

Opis choroby *

Definicja

Secondary pulmonary hemosiderosis is a respiratory disease due to the deposition of hemosiderin-laden macrophages in lungs as a result of repeated alveolar hemorrhage secondary to another disease, especially dysimmunitary disorders (i.e. Heiner syndrome (see this term), autoimmune diseases), thrombotic disorders and cardiovascular disorders such as mitral stenosis. It manifests as a triad of hemoptysis, anemia and diffuse parenchymal infiltrates on chest radiography

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Choroba

Kod ORPHA

99930

Kod OMIM

-

Kod ICD10

J99.8*

Kod ICD11

CB05.5

*Źródło

orphanet