

## Opis choroby \*

### Definicja

A rare subtype of diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL), arising from B cells of thymic origin, predominantly affecting women between the ages of 20-30, and that usually presents with a bulky and rapidly expanding anterior mediastinal mass, often with pleural and pericardial effusions, and that can invade the lungs, superior vena cava, pleura, pericardium, and chest wall, leading to manifestations of cough, dyspnea, and superior vena cava syndrome.

### Dane

#### Klasyfikacja

Choroba

#### Synonimy

Large cell lymphoma of the mediastinum  
Chłoniak wielkokomórkowy śródpiersia  
Med-DLBCL  
Pierwotny chłoniak jasnonokomórkowy śródpiersia  
z komórek B  
Rozlany chłoniak wielkokomórkowy śródpiersia  
ze sklerozą  
Med-DLBCL  
Mediastinal diffuse large-cell lymphoma with  
sclerosis  
Primary mediastinal clear cell lymphoma of B-  
cell type

#### Kod ORPHA

98838

#### Kod OMIM

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#### Kod ICD10

C83.3

#### Kod ICD11

2A81.0

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\*Źródło

orphanet