

Opis choroby *

Definicja

Benign childhood occipital epilepsy, Panayiotopoulos type is a rare, genetic neurological disorder characterized by late infancy to early-adolescence onset of prolonged, nocturnal seizures which begin with autonomic features (e.g. vomiting, pallor, sweating) and associate tonic eye deviation, impairment of consciousness and may evolve to a hemi-clonic or generalized convulsion.

Autonomic status epilepticus may be the only clinical event in some cases.

Dane

Klasyfikacja	Synonimy
Podtyp kliniczny	Early-onset benign childhood occipital epilepsy Łagodna dziecięca padaczka potyliczna, typ Panayiotopoulosa Panayiotopoulos syndrome

Kod ORPHA	Kod OMIM	Kod ICD10
98815	-	G40.0

Kod ICD11

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*Źródło

orphanet