

Opis choroby *

Definicja

Pituitary stalk interruption syndrome (PSIS) is a congenital abnormality of the pituitary that is responsible for pituitary deficiency and is usually characterized by the triad of a very thin or interrupted pituitary stalk, an ectopic (or absent) posterior pituitary (EPP) and hypoplasia or aplasia of the anterior pituitary visible on MRI. In some patients the abnormality may be limited to EPP (also called ectopic neurohypophysis) or to an interrupted pituitary stalk.

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Wada morfologiczna

Synonimy

Ectopic neurohypophysis

Ektopowa przysadka

PSIS

PSIS

Kod ORPHA

95496

Kod OMIM

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Kod ICD10

E23.6

Kod ICD11

5A61.0

*Źródło

orphanet