

Opis choroby *

Definicja

A rare, autosomal recessive systemic dysfunction of the hemostatic pathway, that is due to a defect in the coagulation factor XII (FXII or Hageman factor), and is either asymptomatic or characterized by a prolonged activated partial thromboplastin time and an increased risk for thromboembolism. FXII deficiency is strongly associated with primary recurrent abortions.

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Choroba

Synonimy

Congenital Hageman factor deficiency

Wrodzony Niedobór czynnika Hagemana

Kod ORPHA

330

Kod OMIM

234000

Kod ICD10

D68.2

Kod ICD11

3B15

*Źródło

orphanet