Opis choroby *

Definicja

A rare, autosomal recessive systemic dysfunction of the hemostatic pathway, that is due to a defect in the coagulation factor XII (FXII or Hageman factor), and is either asymptomatic or characterized by a prolonged activated partial thromboplastin time and an increased risk for thromboembolism. FXII deficiency is strongly associated with primary recurrent abortions.

Dane

Klasyfikacja Synonimy

Choroba Congenital Hageman factor deficiency

Wrodzony Niedobór czynnika Hagemana

Kod ORPHA Kod OMIM Kod ICD10

330 234000 D68.2

Kod ICD11 3B15

*Źródło

orphanet