

Opis choroby *

Definicja

A rare, secondary glomerular disease characterized by proteinuria, dysproteinemias, nephrotic syndrome, and nodular glomerulopathy leading to renal failure, with or without extra-renal manifestations. The renal biopsy shows typical deposits of monoclonal immunoglobulins that do not show a fibrillar organization and are negative for Congo red staining. Associated signs and symptoms depend on the involvement of other organs, liver, heart, nerve fibers, gastrointestinal tract, or skin.

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Choroba

Synonimy

Non-amyloid MIDD

Choroba Randalla

Nieamyloidowa MIDD

Randall disease

Kod ORPHA

86861

Kod OMIM

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Kod ICD10

D89.8

Kod ICD11

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*Źródło

orphanet