

## Opis choroby \*

### Definicja

MGAT2-CDG is a form of congenital disorders of N-linked glycosylation characterized by facial dysmorphism (large, posteriorly rotated ears with prominent antihelices, convex nasal ridge, open mouth, large and crowded teeth), stereotypic hand movements, seizures, and varying degrees of developmental delay. A bleeding tendency is also observed and this results from diminished platelet aggregation. The disease is caused by loss-of-function mutations in the gene *< i> MGAT2 </i>* (14q21).

### Dane

| Klasyfikacja | Synonimy  |
|--------------|---|
| Choroba      | CDG syndrome type IIa<br>CDG2A<br>CDG-IIa<br>Niedobór N-acetyloglukozaminylotransferazy 2<br>Wrodzone zaburzenie glikozylacji typu 2a<br>Wrodzone zaburzenie glikozylacji typu IIa<br>Zespół CDG typu IIa<br>Zespół obniżonej glikozylacji glikoprotein typu IIa<br>CDG-IIa<br>CDG2A<br>Carbohydrate deficient glycoprotein syndrome<br>type IIa<br>Congenital disorder of glycosylation type 2a<br>Congenital disorder of glycosylation type IIa<br>N-acetylglucosaminyltransferase 2 deficiency |

**Kod ORPHA**  
79329

**Kod OMIM**  
212066

**Kod ICD10**  
E77.8

**Kod ICD11**  
5C54.0

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[\\* Źródło](#)

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