

Opis choroby *

Definicja

Isolated congenital megalocornea is a genetic, non-syndromic developmental defect of the anterior eye segment characterized by bilateral enlargement of the corneal diameter (>12.5 mm) and a deep anterior eye chamber, without an elevation in intraocular pressure. It can manifest with mild to moderate myopia as well as photophobia and iridodonesis (due to iris hypoplasia). Associated complications include lens dislocation, retinal detachment, presenile cataract development, and secondary glaucoma.

Dane

Klasyfikacja	Synonimy
Wada morfologiczna	Congenital anterior megalophthalmia Congenital anterior megalophthalmia

Kod ORPHA	Kod OMIM	Kod ICD10
91489	309300	Q15.8

Kod ICD11
LA11.1

*Źródło

orphanet