

Ogólne zatrucie kwasem monochlorooctowym

Kod Orpha: 90069 Kod OMIM:

Opis choroby *

Definicja

Systemic monochloroacetate poisoning is a rare, life-threatening intoxication with monochloroacetic acid (mainly through the skin, but also by inhalation or ingestion). It is characterized by vomiting, diarrhea and central nervous system (CNS)-excitability (disorientation, delirium, convulsions) as early signs of systemic poisoning, followed by CNS-depression, coma and cerebral edema. Additional signs include heart involvement (severe myocardial depression, shock, arrhythmias, nonspecific myocardial damage), severe metabolic acidosis, hypokalemia, hypocalcemia and progressive renal failure leading to anuria. Myoglobinemia and leukocytosis may occur. Manifestations may be delayed for 1-4 hours.

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Choroba

Kod ORPHA
90069

Kod OMIM
-

Kod ICD10
T60.3

Kod ICD11
NE61

[*Źródło](#)

orphanet

Rozszerzony opis choroby

Brak opisu rozszerzonego dla tej choroby. Opracowanie w toku.

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