

Opis choroby *

Definicja

WHIM (warts, hypogammaglobulinemia, infections, and myelokathexis) syndrome is a congenital autosomal dominant immune deficiency characterized by abnormal retention of mature neutrophils in the bone marrow (myelokathexis) and occasional hypogammaglobulinemia, associated with an increased risk for bacterial infections and a susceptibility to human papillomavirus (HPV) induced lesions (cutaneous warts, genital dysplasia and invasive mucosal carcinoma).

Dane

Klasyfikacja	Synonimy
Choroba	WILM Brodawki-hipogammaglobulinemia-infekcje-mielokateksja Warts-hypogammaglobulinemia-infections-myelokathexis syndrome Warts-infections-leukopenia-myelokatexis syndrome

Kod ORPHA	Kod OMIM	Kod ICD10
51636	193670	D81.8

Kod ICD11
4A00.Y

*Źródło

orphanet