

Opis choroby *

Definicja

A rare staphylococcal toxemia caused by epidermolytic toxins of *Staphylococcus aureus* and characterized by the appearance of widespread erythematous patches, on which large blisters develop. Upon rupture of these blisters, the skin appears reddish and scalded. The lesions typically begin in the face and rapidly expand to other parts of the body. The disease may be complicated by pneumonia and sepsis. It most commonly affects newborns and infants.

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Choroba

Synonimy

Generalized exfoliative disease

SSSS

Uogólniona choroba złuszcząca

SSSS

Kod ORPHA

36236

Kod OMIM

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Kod ICD10

L00

Kod ICD11

EA50.2

*Źródło

orphanet