

Opis choroby *

Definicja

A group of rare acute leukemias of ambiguous lineage characterized by the presence of separate populations of blasts of more than one lineage (bilineal), a single population of blasts coexpressing antigens of more than one lineage (biphenotypic), or a combination thereof. The diagnosis relies on immunophenotyping, the T-cell component being characterized by strong expression of cytoplasmic CD3, usually in the absence of surface CD3, the B-cell component expressing CD19, almost always together with CD10, cCD79a, CD22, or PAX5, while the most specific hallmark of the myeloid component is the presence of myeloperoxidase in the blast cytoplasm.

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Choroba

Synonimy

MPAL

MPAL

Kod ORPHA

530995

Kod OMIM

601626

Kod ICD10

C95.0

Kod ICD11

2A61

*Źródło

orphanet