

## Opis choroby \*

### Definicja

A form of autoimmune hepatitis characterized by clinical presentation as cryptogenic hepatitis, interface hepatitis on histological examination, elevated serum aminotransferase levels, hypergammaglobulinemia/elevated immunoglobulin G, and presence of circulating autoantibodies, specifically antinuclear antibodies (ANA), anti-smooth muscle antibodies (anti-SMA), and/or anti-soluble liver antigen/liver pancreas antigen antibodies (anti-SLA/LP). The disease predominantly develops at a post-pubertal age and most commonly takes a chronic course, although acute or acute severe presentation may also be observed. Typical concurrent autoimmune diseases are autoimmune thyroiditis and rheumatic diseases.

### Dane

<b>Klasyfikacja</b>	Synonimy
Podtyp kliniczny	AIH type 1 AIH type 1

<b>Kod ORPHA</b>	<b>Kod OMIM</b>	<b>Kod ICD10</b>
563576	-	K75.4

**Kod ICD11**  
DB96.0

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### \*Źródło

orphanet