Opis choroby *

Definicja

A form of autoimmune hepatitis characterized by clinical presentation as cryptogenic hepatitis, interface hepatitis on histological examination, elevated serum aminotransferase levels, hypergammaglobulinemia/elevated immunoglobulin G, and presence of circulating autoantibodies, specifically antibodies to liver kidney microsome type 1 (anti-LKM1) and anti-liver cytosol type 1 (anti-LC1) antibodies. The disease typically manifests in childhood or adolescence with an acute onset, often with acute liver failure. Long-term immunosuppression is usually required. Reported concurrent autoimmune diseases are autoimmune thyroiditis, diabetes mellitus, and vitiligo.

Dane

| Klasyfikacja Podtyp kliniczny | Synonimy AIH type 2 AIH type 2 | |
|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Kod ORPHA 563581 | Kod OMIM - | Kod ICD10 K75.4 |
| Kod ICD11 DB96.0 | | |
| <u>*Źródło</u> | | |
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