

Opis choroby *

Definicja

A rare systemic autoimmune disease characterized by an aggressive fibroinflammatory process with infiltration of IgG4-positive plasma cells in the mediastinum, potentially resulting in compression and functional impairment of vital mediastinal structures, and associated with elevated serum IgG4. Clinical symptoms are unspecific and include pain or symptoms due to mass effect. The condition may occur together with IgG4-related disease in other parts of the body.

Dane

Klasyfikacja	Synonimy	
Podtyp kliniczny	Fibrosing mediastinitis Stwardnienie śródpiersia Mediastinal fibrosis Sclerosing mediastinitis	
Kod ORPHA 63999	Kod OMIM -	Kod ICD10 J98.5
Kod ICD11 CB22.0		

*Źródło

orphanet