

Opis choroby *

Definicja

Infantile apnea is a cessation of respiratory air flow that may affect newborns or older children because of neurological impairment of the respiratory rhythm or obstruction of air flow through the air passages. The symptoms include cyanosis, pallor or bradycardia and snoring in case of obstructive apnea.

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Choroba

Synonimy

Apnea in full-term infants

Apnea of infancy

Apnea in full-term infants

Apnea of infancy

Kod ORPHA

70590

Kod OMIM

-

Kod ICD10

P28.4

Kod ICD11

7A4Y

*Źródło

orphanet