## Opis choroby \*

## Definicja

A rare genetic combined T and B cell immunodeficiency characterized by life-threatening infections due to disrupted transferrin receptor 1 endocytosis, resulting in defective cellular iron transport and impaired T and B cell function. Patients present with early-onset chronic diarrhea, severe recurrent infections, and failure to thrive. Laboratory studies reveal hypo- or agammaglobulinemia, normal lymphocyte counts but decreased numbers of memory B cells, intermittent neutropenia and thrombocytopenia, and mild anemia (resistant to iron supplementation) with low mean corpuscular volume.

Dane

Klasyfikacja Synonimy

Choroba CID due to TFRC deficiency

TFRC-related combined immunodeficiency

CID due to TFRC deficiency

TFRC-related combined immunodeficiency

 Kod ORPHA
 Kod OMIM
 Kod ICD10

 476113
 616740
 D81.8

**Kod ICD11** 

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## \*Źródło

orphanet