## **Opis choroby \***

## Definicja

Dirofilariasis is a form of filariasis (see this term), caused by the filarial nematode of the genus <i>Dirofilaria</i> (including <i>Dirofilaria repens</i>, <i>Dirofilaria immitis</i>), which is transmitted by mosquitoes. The disease is characterized by the presence of subcutaneous nodules (or a conjunctival form that develops slowly and that can be painless to tender), edema and erythema at the site of parasite localization, a feeling of 'crawling' under the skin, and the "Calabar" swelling (similar to thatin loiasis (see this term). The latter may last a few days and recurrences are possible. Common localizations of dirofilaria are head and neck, most commonly in the periorbital region, the limbs and trunk.

Dane

<mark>Klasyfikacja</mark> Choroba

<b>Kod ORPHA</b> 166291	Kod OMIM -	<b>Kod ICD10</b> B74.8
<b>Kod ICD11</b> 1F66.Y		
*Źródło		
orphanet		