Opis choroby *

Definicja

Human pneumocystosis is caused by an infectious agent, which (after recent nomenclature and taxonomy revisions) is now classed as the fungus <i>Pneumocystis jiroveci</i> is unknown. <i>Pneumocystis jiroveci</i> is an opportunistic infectious agent, developing in immunosuppressed patients. It is an air-borne infection, localised to the lungs. However, extrapulmonary involvement is seen in AIDS patients. The disease manifests progressively with coughing, respiratory problems (dyspnea) and fever, followed by acute respiratory insufficiency and death within a few weeks in untreated cases. The most reliable diagnostic method is bronchoalveolar lavage. The treatment of choice is cotrimoxazole.

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Choroba

 Kod ORPHA
 Kod OMIM
 Kod ICD10

 723
 I17.2*

Kod ICD11 1F2G

*Źródło

orphanet