

## Opis choroby \*

### Definicja

A subtype of autosomal recessive limb girdle muscular dystrophy characterized by a childhood to adolescent onset of progressive pelvic- and shoulder-girdle muscle weakness, particularly affecting the pelvic girdle (adductors and flexors of hip). Usually the knees are the earliest and most affected muscles. In advanced stages, involvement of the shoulder girdle (resulting in scapular winging) and the distal muscle groups are observed. Calf hypertrophy, cardiomyopathy, respiratory impairment, tendon contractures, scoliosis, and exercise-induced myoglobinuria may be observed.

### Dane

#### Klasyfikacja

Choroba

#### Synonimy

Autosomal recessive limb-girdle muscular dystrophy type 2E  
Beta-sarkoglikanopatia  
Dystrofia obręczowo-kończynowa z powodu niedoboru beta-sarkoglikanu  
LGMD2E  
Beta-sarcoglycan-related LGMD R4  
Beta-sarcoglycanopathy  
LGMD due to beta-sarcoglycan deficiency  
LGMD type 2E  
LGMD2E  
Limb-girdle muscular dystrophy due to beta-sarcoglycan deficiency  
Limb-girdle muscular dystrophy type 2E

#### Kod ORPHA

119

#### Kod OMIM

604286

#### Kod ICD10

G71.0

#### Kod ICD11

8C70.41

---

[\\*Źródło](#)

orpho:net