

Opis choroby *

Definicja

Multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenation deficiency (MADD) is a disorder of fatty acid and amino acid oxidation and is a clinically heterogeneous disorder ranging from a severe neonatal presentation with metabolic acidosis, cardiomyopathy and liver disease, to a mild childhood/adult disease with episodic metabolic decompensation, muscle weakness, and respiratory failure.

Dane

Klasyfikacja	Synonimy
Choroba	Glutaric acidemia type 2
	MADD
	Niedobór MAD
	Kwasica glutarowa typu 2
	Acyduria glutarowa typu 2
	Glutaric aciduria type 2
	MAD deficiency
	MADD

Kod ORPHA	Kod OMIM	Kod ICD10
26791	231680	E71.3

Kod ICD11
5C52.01

*Źródło

orphanet