

## Opis choroby \*

### Definicja

A rare, aggressive, malignant, epithelial carcinoma of the esophagus characterized, macroscopically, by an exophytic mass with central ulceration located on the esophagus and, histologically, by a sheet-like growth of neoplastic cells without significant glandular, squamous or neuroendocrine differentiation. Patients may present with progressive dysphagia, long-standing history of gastroesophageal reflux, weight loss, anemia, abdominal or chest pain/pressure, dyspnea, and/or hematemesis. Presence or history of Barrett esophagus is frequently associated.

### Dane

#### Klasyfikacja

Choroba

#### Synonimy

Undifferentiated esophageal carcinoma

Undifferentiated esophageal carcinoma

#### Kod ORPHA

418951

#### Kod OMIM

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#### Kod ICD10

C15.8

#### Kod ICD11

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#### \*Źródło

orphanet