

Rak płaskonabłonkowy penisa

Kod Orpha: 398058 Kod OMIM:

Opis choroby *

Definicja

A rare urogenital tumor characterized by origin from squamous epithelial cells of the penis, most commonly the glans or inner surface of the prepuce. Macroscopically, the tumors can appear either papillary or flat and ulcerating. Histological subtypes include usual squamous cell carcinoma as the most common type, as well as basaloid, warty, verrucous, papillary, and mixed carcinomas. Patients may initially be asymptomatic but present with itching, bleeding, discharge, foul odor, and pain, as the disease progresses. Regional lymph node involvement is common, while distant metastases occur only late in the disease. Risk factors include HPV infection, smoking, poor hygiene, and HIV infection. Neonatal circumcision is implicated as strongly protective.

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Choroba

Synonimy

Penile squamous cell carcinoma

Rak płaskonabłonkowy prącia

Kod ORPHA

398058

Kod OMIM

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Kod ICD10

C60.1

Kod ICD11

2C81.0

[*Źródło](#)

orphanet

Rozszerzony opis choroby

Brak opisu rozszerzonego dla tej choroby. Opracowanie w toku.

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