

Matczyny Niedobór ryboflawiny

Kod Orpha: 411712 Kod OMIM: 615026

Opis choroby *

Definicja

Maternal riboflavin deficiency is a rare, genetic disorder of metabolite absorption or transport characterized by persistently decreased riboflavin serum levels due to a primary genetic defect in the mother and which leads to clinical and biochemical findings consistent with a secondary, life-threatening, transient multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (MADD) in the newborn. The mother usually presents hyperemesis gravidarum in the absence of other features of riboflavin deficiency, such as skin lesions, jaundice, pruritus, sore mucous membranes, visual disturbances.

Dane

Klasifikacja

Choroba

Kod ORPHA

411712

Kod OMIM

615026

Kod ICD10

P00.4

Kod ICD11

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*[Źródło](#)

[orphanet](#)

Rozszerzony opis choroby

Brak opisu rozszerzonego dla tej choroby. Opracowanie w toku.