Matczyny Niedobór ryboflawiny
Kod Orpha: 411712 Kod OMIM: 615026

Opis choroby *

Definicja
Maternal riboflavin deficiency is a rare, genetic disorder of metabolite absorption or transport characterized by persistently decreased riboflavin serum levels due to a primary genetic defect in the mother and which leads to clinical and biochemical findings consistent with a secondary, life-threatening, transient multiple acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (MADD) in the newborn. The mother usually presents hyperemesis gravidarum in the absence of other features of riboflavin deficiency, such as skin lesions, jaundice, pruritus, sore mucous membranes, visual disturbances.
Dane

Klasyfikacja
Choroba

Kod ORPHA
411712

Kod OMIM
615026

Kod ICD10
P00.4

Kod ICD11
-

*Źródło

orphanet

Rozszerzony opis choroby

Brak opisu rozszerzonego dla tej choroby. Opracowanie w toku.