

Opis choroby *

Definicja

Oligodontia-cancer predisposition syndrome is a rare, genetic, odontologic disease characterized by congenital absence of six or more permanent teeth (excluding the third molars) in association with an increased risk for malignancies, ranging from gastrointestinal polyposis to early-onset colorectal cancer and/or breast cancer. Ectodermal dysplasia (manifesting with sparse hair and/or eyebrows) may also be associated.

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Choroba

Synonimy

Autosomal dominant ectodermal dysplasia-cancer predisposition syndrome

Zespół autosomalna dominująca dysplazja ektodermalna - predyspozycja do nowotworów

Kod ORPHA

300576

Kod OMIM

608615

Kod ICD10

C19

Kod ICD11

LD27.0Y

*Źródło

orphanet