

Opis choroby *

Definicja

A rare hypereosinophilic syndrome characterized by hypereosinophilia produced by reactive/non-clonal eosinophils secondary to an underlying medical condition and persisting for at least six months. The disorder can derive from non-neoplastic conditions (such as chronic infections and infestations, allergic reactions, intoxications, or autoimmune and chronic inflammatory disorders) or from neoplasms including non-myeloid malignancies, among others. It is associated with signs of organ infiltration, dysfunction, and damage. Clinical manifestations are highly variable, depending on the organ systems involved, and most commonly include dermatologic, pulmonary, cardiac, gastrointestinal, and cerebral manifestations.

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Choroba

Synonimy

HES-R

HES-R

Reaktywny zespół hipereozynofilowy

Wtórny HES

Reactive hypereosinophilic syndrome

Secondary HES

Kod ORPHA

314962

Kod OMIM

-

Kod ICD10

D47.5

Kod ICD11

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[*Źródło](#)

orphanet