Opis choroby *

Definicja

Brazilian hemorrhagic fever, caused by the Sabia virus (a newly discovered arenavirus), is a viral hemorrhagic fever, believed to originate from Sao Paulo, Brazil, with only 3 reported cases (2 of which were due to laboratory accidents) to date, characterized by fever, nausea vomiting myalgia tremors, and hemorragic manifestations such as conjunctival petechia and haematemesis, leading potentially to shock, coma and death.

Dane

Klasyfikacja Synonimy

Choroba Sabia hemorrhagic fever

Gorączka krwotoczna Sabia

 Kod ORPHA
 Kod OMIM
 Kod ICD10

 319239
 A96.8

Kod ICD11 1D6Y

*Źródło

orphanet