Opis choroby *

Definicja

Congenital achiasma is a rare, genetic, non-syndromic cranial nerve and nuclear aplasia malformation characterized by the congenital absence of the optic chiasm, resulting from the failure of the optic nerve fibers to cross over and decussate to the contralateral hemisphere, leading to decreased vision, strabismus and congenital nystagmus in infancy.

Dane

Klasyfikacja
Wada morfologiczna

Kod ORPHA
324353

Kod OMIM
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Kod ICD10
H47.4

Kod ICD11
-

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*Źródło

orphanet