

Opis choroby *

Definicja

Beta-propeller protein-associated neurodegeneration (BPAN), also known as static encephalopathy of childhood with neurodegeneration in adulthood, is a rare form of neurodegeneration with brain iron accumulation (NBIA) characterized by early-onset developmental delay and further neurological deterioration in early adulthood.

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Choroba

Synonimy

BPAN

BPAN

Encefalopatia statyczna wieku dziecięcego z neurodegeneracją w wieku dorosłym

NBIA5

Neurodegeneracja z gromadzeniem żelaza w mózgu typu 5

SENDA

NBIA5

Neurodegeneration with brain iron accumulation type 5

SENDA

Static encephalopathy of childhood with neurodegeneration in adulthood

Kod ORPHA

329284

Kod OMIM

300894

Kod ICD10

G23.0

Kod ICD11

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[*Źródło](#)

orphanet