

## Opis choroby \*

### Definicja

Familial hyperaldosteronism (FH) is the heritable form of primary aldosteronism (PA) which comprises three identified subtypes to date: FH type I (FH-I; see this term) characterized by early-onset hypertension, glucocorticoid remediable adrenocorticotrophic hormone (ACTH)-dependent hyperaldosteronism, variable hypokalemia, and overproduction of 18-oxocortisol and 18-hydroxycortisol; FH type II (FH-II; see this term) characterized by hypertension of varying severity and hyperaldosteronism not suppressible by dexamethasone; and FH type III (FH-III; see this term) characterized by profound hypokalemia, early-onset severe hypertension, non glucocorticoid-remediable hyperaldosteronism, and overproduction of 18-oxocortisol and 18-hydroxycortisol.

### Dane

<b>Klasyfikacja</b>	Synonimy
Grupa fenomenów	FH FH

<b>Kod ORPHA</b>	<b>Kod OMIM</b>	<b>Kod ICD10</b>
235936	-	E26.0

**Kod ICD11**  
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### \*Źródło

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