

Opis choroby *

Definicja

Non-syndromic male infertility due to sperm motility disorder is a rare, genetic, non-syndromic male infertility disorder characterized by infertility due to sperm with defects in their cilia/flagella structure, leading to absent motility or reduced forward motility in fresh ejaculate. Reduced semen volume, oligospermia and an increased number of abnormally structured spermatozoa is often present.

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Choroba

Synonimy

Non-syndromic male infertility due
asthenozoospermia

Niesyndromiczna niepłodność męska
spowodowana astenozoospermią

Kod ORPHA

276234

Kod OMIM

614822

Kod ICD10

N46

Kod ICD11

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*Źródło

orphanet