Opis choroby *

Definicja

A form of diazoxide-sensitive diffuse hyperinsulinism (DHI) characterized by hypoglycemic epiosodes that are usually mild, escaping detection during infancy, and usually a good clinical response to diazoxide, (but some are diazoxide resistant). Autosomal dominant hyperinsulinism due to Kir6.2 deficiency usually has a milder phenotype when compared to that resulting from recessive K+ (K-ATP) channel mutations (Recessive forms of diazoxide-resistant hyperinsulinism).

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Synonimy Choroba

Autosomal dominant hyperinsulinemic hypoglycemia due to Kir6.2 deficiency Autosomalna dominująca hipoglikemia

> hiperinsulinemiczna z powodu niedoboru Kir6.2 Dominant KATP hyperinsulinism due to Kir6.2

deficiency

Kod ORPHA

276580

Kod OMIM

Kod ICD10

601820 E16.1

Kod ICD11

*Źródło

orphanet