

Opis choroby *

Definicja

Familial Alzheimer-like prion disease is an exceedingly rare form of prion disease (see this term) characterized by the neuropathological features of Alzheimer disease including memory impairment and depression, related to abnormal prion protein (PrP) caused by a gene mutation in *PRNP*. Patients present with a prolonged, atypical course (absence of myoclonus or ataxia) unlike other forms of prion disease with severe neurofibrillary tangle pathology and high levels of cerebral amyloidosis.

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Choroba

Kod ORPHA

280397

Kod OMIM

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Kod ICD10

A81.8

Kod ICD11

8E02.3

*Źródło

orphanet