

## Opis choroby \*

### Definicja

Combined oxidative phosphorylation defect type 7 is a rare mitochondrial disease due to a defect in mitochondrial protein synthesis characterized by a variable phenotype that includes onset in infancy or early childhood of failure to thrive and psychomotor regression (after initial normal development), as well as ocular manifestations (such as ptosis, nystagmus, optic atrophy, ophthalmoplegia and reduced vision). Additional manifestations include bulbar paresis with facial weakness, hypotonia, difficulty chewing, dysphagia, mild dysarthria, ataxia, global muscle atrophy, and areflexia. It has a relatively slow disease progression with patients often living into the third decade of life.

### Dane

#### Klasyfikacja

Choroba

#### Synonimy

COXPD7

COXPD7

Severe C12ORF65-related COXPD

Severe C12ORF65-related combined oxidative phosphorylation defect

#### Kod ORPHA

254930

#### Kod OMIM

613559

#### Kod ICD10

E88.8

#### Kod ICD11

5C53.23

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#### [\\*Źródło](#)

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