## Opis choroby \*

Definicja

Myxopapillary ependymoma (MEPN) describes a slow growing ependymoma located almost exclusively in the conus medullaris-cauda equina-filum terminale region of the spinal cord, presenting in all age groups, and manifesting with variable symptoms such as neck pain, vomiting and unsteady gait and metastasis. It has a more aggressive disease course and is seen in the pediatric population.

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Choroba

**Kod ORPHA** 

**Kod OMIM** 

**Kod ICD10** 

D43.2

251643

**Kod ICD11** 2A00.5

\*Źródło

orphanet