Opis choroby *

Definicja

Biliary atresia with splenic malformation syndrome (BASM) designates the association of biliary atresia (see this term) and splenic abnormalities (mainly polysplenia and less frequently asplenia, double spleen). Cardiac defect, situs inversus and a preduodenal portal vein can also be present. It represents the embryonal or syndromic form of biliary atresia. It affects newborns or infants and is characterized by jaundice, pale stools, dark urine, failure to thrive, hepatomegaly, coagulopathy, anemia and often palpable spleen.

Dane

Klasyfikacja Synonimy

Zespół wad wrodzonych BASM syndrome

Zespół BASM

Kod ORPHA Kod OMIM Kod ICD10

83 - Q44.2

Kod ICD11

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*Źródło

orphanet