

Opis choroby *

Definicja

A rare, genetic, hematologic disease characterized by increased levels of serum hemoglobin, hematocrit and erythrocyte mass, associated with elevated or inappropriately normal erythropoietin serum levels, occurring in various members of a family and with autosomal dominant inheritance.

Dane

Klasyfikacja

Choroba

Synonimy

Autosomal dominant secondary erythrocytosis

Autosomalna dominująca wtórna erythrocytoza

Kod ORPHA

247511

Kod OMIM

611783

Kod ICD10

D75.1

Kod ICD11

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*Źródło

orphanet